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# 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-3-carboxamide

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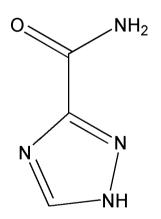
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.102; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.1.

Planar molecules of the title compound,  $C_3H_4N_4O$ , are organized into sheets by extensive  $N-H\cdots O$  and  $N-H\cdots N$  hydrogen bonding in the (101) plane of the crystal structure. These hydrogen bonds may also stabilize the molecule in the Z form. The title compound is in the amide form, as shown by the C=O bond length [1.252 (2) Å].

## **Related literature**

Azo compounds are widely utilized as dyes and analytical reagents (Malinauskas *et al.*, 2000). The interactions of amide groups are of interest because of their importance in biochemical systems (Crespo *et al.*, 2005).



# **Experimental**

*Crystal data* C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>4</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O

 $M_r = 112.10$ 

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Z = 4
a = 3.6944 (4) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 17.527 (3) Å	$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 7.0520 (17)  Å	T = 298 (2) K
$\beta = 94.4670 \ (10)^{\circ}$	$0.22 \times 0.18 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$
V = 455.24 (14) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Data collection	
Bruker SMART CCD	2199 measured reflections
diffractometer	807 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	657 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.020$
$T_{\rm min} = 0.972, T_{\rm max} = 0.988$	

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.035 & 73 \text{ parameters} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.101 & H\text{-atom parameters constrained} \\ S &= 1.05 & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}} &= 0.13 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3} \\ 807 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}} &= -0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3} \end{split}$$

### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N1-H1A\cdotsO1^{i}$	0.86	2.21	3.065 (2)	173
$N1 - H1B \cdot \cdot \cdot N4^{ii}$	0.86	2.22	3.010 (2)	154
N2-H2···O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.86	2.07	2.909 (2)	163
$N2-H2\cdots N3^{iii}$	0.86	2.54	3.055 (2)	120
Symmetry codes:	$des:$ (i) $-r \pm 1 - v \pm 2 - z \pm 1$		(ii) $-r - v \pm 2$	$2 - 7 \pm 2$ (iii)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1; (ii) -x, -y + 2, -z + 2; (iii)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2003); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2003); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CS2075).

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